

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
WESTERN DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON

MELISSA TETREAULT,

Plaintiff,

v.

THE STANDARD INSURANCE
COMPANY, an Oregon corporation,

Defendant.

Case No. CV-17-00540-RSL

STIPULATED PROTECTIVE ORDER

1. PURPOSES AND LIMITATIONS

Discovery in this action is likely to involve production of confidential, proprietary, or private information for which special protection may be warranted. Accordingly, the parties hereby stipulate to and petition the court to enter the following Stipulated Protective Order. The parties acknowledge that this agreement is consistent with LCR 26(c). It does not confer blanket protection on all disclosures or responses to discovery, the protection it affords from public disclosure and use extends only to the limited information or items that are entitled to confidential treatment under the applicable legal principles, and it does not presumptively entitle parties to file confidential information under seal.

1 2. "CONFIDENTIAL" MATERIAL

2 "Confidential" material shall include the following documents and tangible things
3 produced or otherwise exchanged: [The parties must include a list of specific documents such as
4 "company's customer list" or "plaintiff's medical records;" do not list broad categories of
5 documents such as "sensitive business material"].

6 Claims manuals or similar documents by any other name, as they are proprietary
7 business trade secrets; Training materials, as they are proprietary business trade
8 secrets; Employee compensation plan information, as it is is proprietary business
9 trade secrets and its production potentially invades the privacy of third parties;
10 Employee personnel file documents to the extent they are held to be relevant and
11 discoverable by this Court, as the production of any such documents would invade
12 the privacy of third parties to this action.

13 3. SCOPE

14 The protections conferred by this agreement cover not only confidential material (as
15 defined above), but also (1) any information copied or extracted from confidential material; (2) all
16 copies, excerpts, summaries, or compilations of confidential material; and (3) any testimony,
17 conversations, or presentations by parties or their counsel that might reveal confidential material.

18 However, the protections conferred by this agreement do not cover information that is in
19 the public domain or becomes part of the public domain through trial or otherwise.

20 4. ACCESS TO AND USE OF CONFIDENTIAL MATERIAL

21 4.1 Basic Principles. A receiving party may use confidential material that is disclosed
22 or produced by another party or by a non-party in connection with this case only for prosecuting,
23 defending, or attempting to settle this litigation. Confidential material may be disclosed only to the
24 categories of persons and under the conditions described in this agreement. Confidential material
25 must be stored and maintained by a receiving party at a location and in a secure manner that ensures
26 that access is limited to the persons authorized under this agreement.

1 4.2 Disclosure of "CONFIDENTIAL" Information or Items. Unless otherwise ordered
2 by the court or permitted in writing by the designating party, a receiving party may disclose any
3 confidential material only to:

4 (a) the receiving party's counsel of record in this action, as well as employees
5 of counsel to whom it is reasonably necessary to disclose the information for this litigation;

6 (b) the officers, directors, and employees (including in house counsel) of the
7 receiving party to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this litigation, unless the parties
8 agree that a particular document or material produced is for Attorney's Eyes Only and is so
9 designated;

10 (c) experts and consultants to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this
11 litigation and who have signed the "Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound" (Exhibit A);

12 (d) the court, court personnel, and court reporters and their staff;

13 (e) copy or imaging services retained by counsel to assist in the duplication of
14 confidential material, provided that counsel for the party retaining the copy or imaging service
15 instructs the service not to disclose any confidential material to third parties and to immediately
16 return all originals and copies of any confidential material;

17 (f) during their depositions, witnesses in the action to whom disclosure is
18 reasonably necessary and who have signed the "Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound"
19 (Exhibit A), unless otherwise agreed by the designating party or ordered by the court. Pages of
20 transcribed deposition testimony or exhibits to depositions that reveal confidential material must
21 be separately bound by the court reporter and may not be disclosed to anyone except as permitted
22 under this agreement;

23 (g) the author or recipient of a document containing the information or a
24 custodian or other person who otherwise possessed or knew the information;

25 (h) any mediator retained by the parties in this matter.
26

1 4.3 Filing Confidential Material. Before filing confidential material or discussing or
2 referencing such material in court filings, the filing party shall confer with the designating party
3 to determine whether the designating party will remove the confidential designation, whether the
4 document can be redacted, or whether a motion to seal or stipulation and proposed order is
5 warranted. Local Civil Rule 5(g) sets forth the procedures that must be followed and the standards
6 that will be applied when a party seeks permission from the court to file material under seal.

7 5. DESIGNATING PROTECTED MATERIAL

8 5.1 Exercise of Restraint and Care in Designating Material for Protection. Each party
9 or non-party that designates information or items for protection under this agreement must take
10 care to limit any such designation to specific material that qualifies under the appropriate
11 standards. The designating party must designate for protection only those parts of material,
12 documents, items, or oral or written communications that qualify, so that other portions of the
13 material, documents, items, or communications for which protection is not warranted are not swept
14 unjustifiably within the ambit of this agreement.

15 Mass, indiscriminate, or routinized designations are prohibited. Designations that are
16 shown to be clearly unjustified or that have been made for an improper purpose (*e.g.*, to
17 unnecessarily encumber or delay the case development process or to impose unnecessary expenses
18 and burdens on other parties) expose the designating party to sanctions.

19 If it comes to a designating party's attention that information or items that it designated for
20 protection do not qualify for protection, the designating party must promptly notify all other parties
21 that it is withdrawing the mistaken designation.

22 5.2 Manner and Timing of Designations. Except as otherwise provided in this
23 agreement (see, *e.g.*, second paragraph of section 5.2(a) below), or as otherwise stipulated or
24 ordered, disclosure or discovery material that qualifies for protection under this agreement must
25 be clearly so designated before or when the material is disclosed or produced.

1 (a) Information in documentary form: (e.g., paper or electronic documents and
2 deposition exhibits, but excluding transcripts of depositions or other pretrial or trial proceedings),
3 the designating party must affix the word "CONFIDENTIAL" to each page that contains
4 confidential material. If only a portion or portions of the material on a page qualifies for protection,
5 the producing party also must clearly identify the protected portion(s) (e.g., by making appropriate
6 markings in the margins).

7 (b) Testimony given in deposition or in other pretrial proceedings: the parties
8 and any participating non-parties must identify on the record, during the deposition or other pretrial
9 proceeding, all protected testimony, without prejudice to their right to so designate other testimony
10 after reviewing the transcript. Any party or non-party may, within fifteen days after receiving the
11 transcript of the deposition or other pretrial proceeding, designate portions of the transcript, or
12 exhibits thereto, as confidential. If a party or non-party desires to protect confidential information
13 at trial, the issue should be addressed during the pre-trial conference.

14 (c) Other tangible items: the producing party must affix in a prominent place
15 on the exterior of the container or containers in which the information or item is stored the word
16 "CONFIDENTIAL." If only a portion or portions of the information or item warrant protection,
17 the producing party, to the extent practicable, shall identify the protected portion(s).

18 5.3 Inadvertent Failures to Designate. If timely corrected, an inadvertent failure to
19 designate qualified information or items does not, standing alone, waive the designating party's
20 right to secure protection under this agreement for such material. Upon timely correction of a
21 designation, the receiving party must make reasonable efforts to ensure that the material is treated
22 in accordance with the provisions of this agreement.

23 6. CHALLENGING CONFIDENTIALITY DESIGNATIONS

24 6.1 Timing of Challenges. Any party or non-party may challenge a designation of
25 confidentiality at any time. Unless a prompt challenge to a designating party's confidentiality
26 designation is necessary to avoid foreseeable, substantial unfairness, unnecessary economic

1 burdens, or a significant disruption or delay of the litigation, a party does not waive its right to
2 challenge a confidentiality designation by electing not to mount a challenge promptly after the
3 original designation is disclosed.

4 6.2 Meet and Confer. The parties must make every attempt to resolve any dispute
5 regarding confidential designations without court involvement. Any motion regarding confidential
6 designations or for a protective order must include a certification, in the motion or in a declaration
7 or affidavit, that the movant has engaged in a good faith meet and confer conference with other
8 affected parties in an effort to resolve the dispute without court action. The certification must list
9 the date, manner, and participants to the conference. A good faith effort to confer requires a face-
10 to-face meeting or a telephone conference.

11 6.3 Judicial Intervention. If the parties cannot resolve a challenge without court
12 intervention, the designating party may file and serve a motion to retain confidentiality under Local
13 Civil Rule 7 (and in compliance with Local Civil Rule 5(g), if applicable). The burden of
14 persuasion in any such motion shall be on the designating party. Frivolous challenges, and those
15 made for an improper purpose (*e.g.*, to harass or impose unnecessary expenses and burdens on
16 other parties) may expose the challenging party to sanctions. All parties shall continue to maintain
17 the material in question as confidential until the court rules on the challenge.

18 7. PROTECTED MATERIAL SUBPOENAED OR ORDERED PRODUCED IN OTHER
19 LITIGATION

20 If a party is served with a subpoena or a court order issued in other litigation that compels
21 disclosure of any information or items designated in this action as "CONFIDENTIAL," that party
22 must:

23 (a) promptly notify the designating party in writing and include a copy of the
24 subpoena or court order;

1 (b) promptly notify in writing the party who caused the subpoena or order to
2 issue in the other litigation that some or all of the material covered by the subpoena or order is
3 subject to this agreement. Such notification shall include a copy of this agreement; and

4 (c) cooperate with respect to all reasonable procedures sought to be pursued by
5 the designating party whose confidential material may be affected.

6 8. UNAUTHORIZED DISCLOSURE OF PROTECTED MATERIAL

7 If a receiving party learns that, by inadvertence or otherwise, it has disclosed confidential
8 material to any person or in any circumstance not authorized under this agreement, the receiving
9 party must immediately (a) notify in writing the designating party of the unauthorized disclosures,
10 (b) use its best efforts to retrieve all unauthorized copies of the protected material, (c) inform the
11 person or persons to whom unauthorized disclosures were made of all the terms of this agreement,
12 and (d) request that such person or persons execute the "Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be
13 Bound" that is attached hereto as Exhibit A.

14 9. NON TERMINATION AND RETURN OF DOCUMENTS

15 Within 60 days after the termination of this action, including all appeals, each receiving
16 party must return all confidential material to the producing party, including all copies, extracts and
17 summaries thereof. Alternatively, the parties may agree upon appropriate methods of destruction.

18 Notwithstanding this provision, counsel are entitled to retain one archival copy of all
19 documents filed with the court, trial, deposition, and hearing transcripts, correspondence,
20 deposition and trial exhibits, expert reports, attorney work product, and consultant and expert work
21 product, even if such materials contain confidential material.

22 The confidentiality obligations imposed by this agreement shall remain in effect until a
23 designating party agrees otherwise in writing or a court orders otherwise.

1 IT IS SO STIPULATED, THROUGH COUNSEL OF RECORD.

2 DATED: August 25, 2017

/s/ David P. Roosa

David P. Roosa, WSBA #45266

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8 DATED: August 25, 2017

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14 PURSUANT TO STIPULATION, IT IS SO ORDERED

16 DATED: Aug. 29, 2017



Hon. Robert S. Lasnik,

United States District Court Judge

EXHIBIT A

ACKNOWLEDGMENT AND AGREEMENT TO BE BOUND

I, _____ [print or type full name], of
_____ [print or type full address], declare under penalty of
perjury that I have read in its entirety and understand the Stipulated Protective Order that was
issued by the United States District Court for the Western District of Washington on [date] in the
case of _____ **[insert formal name of the case and the number and initials
assigned to it by the court]**. I agree to comply with and to be bound by all the terms of this
Stipulated Protective Order and I understand and acknowledge that failure to so comply could
expose me to sanctions and punishment in the nature of contempt. I solemnly promise that I will
not disclose in any manner any information or item that is subject to this Stipulated Protective
Order to any person or entity except in strict compliance with the provisions of this Order.

I further agree to submit to the jurisdiction of the United States District Court for the
Western District of Washington for the purpose of enforcing the terms of this Stipulated Protective
Order, even if such enforcement proceedings occur after termination of this action.

Date: _____

City and State where sworn and signed: _____

Printed name: _____

Signature: _____